

Persistent tightness in mine supply continues, supporting higher price levels.

Copper Monthly Report

November 7, 2025

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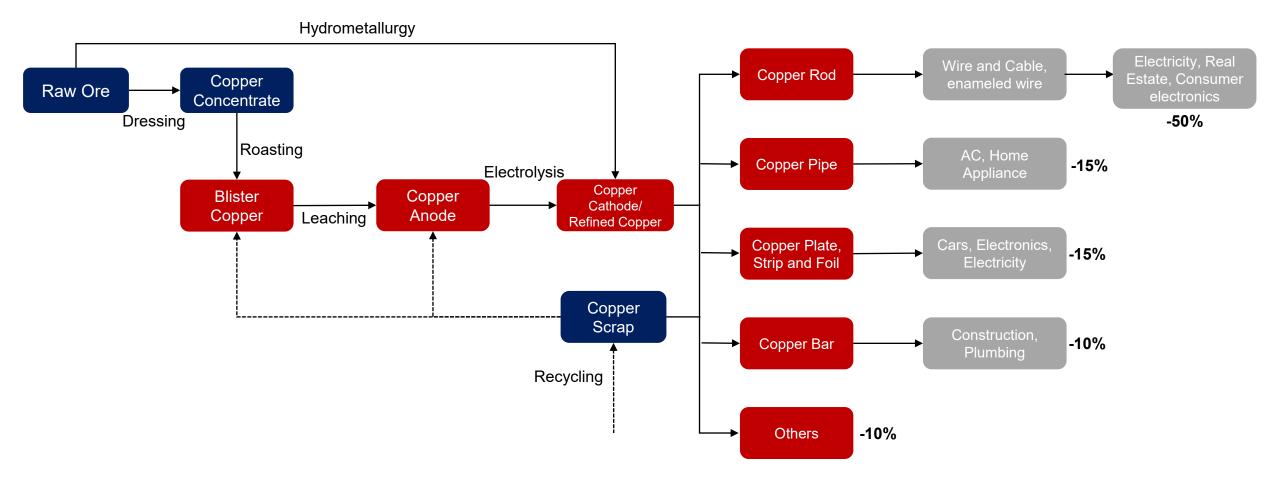


- ◆ **Supply**: Overseas copper mine output in Q3 fell short of expectations, keeping mine supply tight, while blister copper availability showed marginal improvement. Domestic refined copper output declined in October and is expected to stabilize in November.
- ◆ **Demand**: China's apparent refined copper consumption in October is estimated to have declined y/y with a similar y/y decline being anticipated in November. Overseas manufacturing activity remains divergent, leading to neutral demand expectations.
- Import & Export: The SHFE refined copper export arbitrage window opened in October. The price spread between U.S. and LME copper narrowed, closing the U.S. copper arbitrage window.
- ◆ Inventory: SHFE, bonded zone, and COMEX inventories rose in October, while LME stocks declined, resulting in a net increase in global inventories. Chinese inventory levels are expected to remain largely unchanged in November.
- ♦ November Outlook: Entering November, domestic refined copper output is projected to stabilize, while seasonal demand recovery is anticipated. Increased scrap substitution suggests a broadly balanced near-term supply-demand outlook. Overseas demand remains neutral, and rising smelter maintenance-related production cuts are expected to ease near-term supply pressure. Meanwhile, shifts in U.S. import dynamics warrant close monitoring. On the macro front, U.S.-China trade relations have entered a period of easing tensions, and the Federal Reserve's dovish policy stance remains unchanged. Although the ongoing U.S. government shutdown and recent pullback in elevated U.S. equities may cause market volatility, the impact is expected to be temporary, and the market sentiment is expected to rebound promptly once the shutdown is resolved. Overall, lasting tightness at the mine level supports a higher copper price floor. Should macro-driven pessimism subside, copper prices could resume a range-bound upward trajectory. **Trading range guidance for this month:** 84,000–90,000 yuan/ton for SHFE front-month contract and USD10,400–11,200/ton for LME-3M copper. **Suggestion:** Buy on dips.

China Refined Copper Supply-Demand Balance (10k tonnes)

五矿期货有限公司 中国五矿

	Production	YoY	Import	Export	Net import	inventory change	Apparent consumption	YoY	Cumulative consumption	YoY
Jan−23	85. 3	4. 3%	30. 0	1.3	28. 7	18. 0	96. 1	-10. 4%	96. 1	-5. 3%
Feb-23	89. 9	7. 6%	24. 8	4. 2	20. 6	15. 2	95. 4	5. 2%	191. 4	7. 8%
Mar-23	95. 0	12.0%	25. 7	4. 7	21. 0	(11. 4)	127. 4	3. 0%	318. 8	-0.8%
Apr-23	97. 0	17. 2%	26. 0	2. 8	23. 2	(5. 6)	125. 8	17. 2%	444. 6	3. 7%
May-23	95. 8	17.0%	29. 4	1.8	27. 6	(7. 7)	131. 1	15. 0%	575. 7	6. 0%
Jun-23	91.8	7. 1%	29. 8	2. 2	27. 6	(4. 6)	124. 0	2.8%	699. 7	5. 5%
Jul-23	92. 5	10. 1%	30. 3	2. 7	27. 6	(2. 4)	122. 5	2. 4%	822. 2	5. 0%
Aug-23	98. 9	15. 5%	34. 1	2. 1	32. 0	(2. 3)	133. 2	6. 8%	955. 4	5. 2%
Sep-23	101.0	11.1%	34. 4	1.8	32. 6	(2. 7)	136. 3	3. 1%	1091. 7	5. 0%
0ct-23	99. 0	9.9%	35. 4	1.6	33. 8	(2. 4)	135. 2	17. 1%	1226. 9	6. 2%
Nov-23	96. 0	6. 7%	38. 3	1.7	36. 6	(1. 1)	133. 7	7. 5%	1360. 6	6. 3%
Dec-23	99.5	14. 4%	33. 8	1. 1	32. 7	1.1	131. 1	8. 3%	1491. 7	6. 5%
Jan-24	97. 0	13. 7%	37. 8	0. 9	36. 9	3. 9	130. 0	35. 3%	130. 0	35. 3%
Feb-24	95. 0	5. 6%	26. 7	1.4	25. 3	21. 3	99. 0	3.8%	229. 0	19. 6%
Mar-24	100. 0	5. 3%	31. 7	2. 3	29. 4	12. 0	117. 4	-7. 8%	346. 4	8. 7%
Apr-24	98. 5	1.5%	30. 6	2. 5	28. 0	2. 6	123. 9	-1.5%	470. 3	5. 8%
May-24	100. 8	5. 2%	34. 7	7. 3	27. 4	5. 3	122. 9	-6. 3%	593. 2	3. 0%
Jun-24	100. 5	9. 5%	30. 9	15. 8	15. 1	(3. 9)	119. 5	-3.6%	712. 7	1. 9%
Ju I - 24	102. 8	11. 1%	29. 9	7. 0	22. 9	(6. 3)	132. 0	7. 8%	844. 7	2. 7%
Aug-24	101. 3	2. 4%	27. 6	3. 1	24. 5	(8. 6)	134. 4	0. 9%	979. 1	2. 5%
Sep-24	100. 0	-1.0%	34. 8	1. 6	33. 2	(12. 5)	145. 7	6. 9%	1124. 8	3. 0%
0ct-24	99. 6	0. 6%	38. 6	1. 0	37. 6	5. 6	131. 6	-2.7%	1256. 4	2. 4%
Nov-24	100. 5	4. 7%	39. 8	1. 2	38. 6	(7.8)	146. 9	9. 9%	1403. 3	3. 1%
Dec-24	112. 0	12. 6%	40. 8	1. 7	39. 1	(6. 9)	158. 0	20. 5%	1561. 3	4. 7%
Jan-25	101. 3	4. 4%	29. 7	1. 7	28. 0	6. 1	123. 9	-4. 7%	123. 9	-4. 7%
Feb-25	105. 8	11. 4%	30. 5	3. 2	27. 3	24. 2	108. 9	10.0%	232. 8	1. 7%
Mar-25	112. 2	12. 2%	35. 4	6. 8	28. 6	2. 9	137. 9	17. 5%	370. 7	7. 0%
Apr-25	112. 6	14. 3%	30. 0	7. 8	22. 2	(22. 3)	157. 1	26. 8%	527. 8	12. 2%
May-25	113. 8	12. 9%	29. 3	3. 4	25. 9	(3. 5)	143. 2	16. 5%	671. 0	13. 1%
Jun-25	113. 5	12. 9%	33. 7	7. 9	25. 8	0. 3	139. 0	16. 3%	810. 0	13. 7%
Jul-25	117. 5	14. 3%	33. 6	11.8	21.8	0. 1	139. 2	5. 5%	949. 2	12. 4%
Aug-25	117. 2	15. 7%	30. 7	3. 7	27. 0	1. 6	142. 6	6. 1%	1091.8	11. 5%
Sep-25	112. 0	12. 0%	37. 4	2. 6	34. 8	2. 5	144. 3	-1.0%	1236. 1	9. 9%
0ct-25	109. 2	9. 6%			29. 0	6. 2	132. 1	0. 4%	1368. 2	8. 9%
Nov-25	108. 8	8. 3%			34. 0		142. 0	-3.3%	1510. 2	7. 6%
Dec-25	112. 0	0. 0%			35. 0		146. 0	-7. 6%	1656. 2	6. 1%



Spot Market & Futures Market

Figure 1: SHFE Refined Copper Main Contract (yuan/tonne)



Sources: Wenhua, Minmetals Futures

Figure 2: LME 3M Copper Price (USD/tonne)

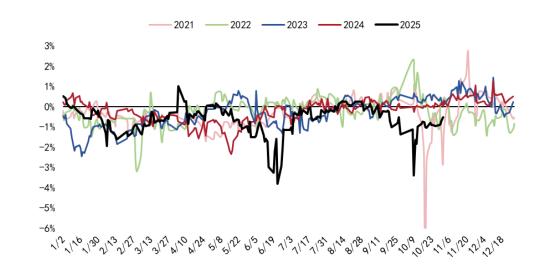


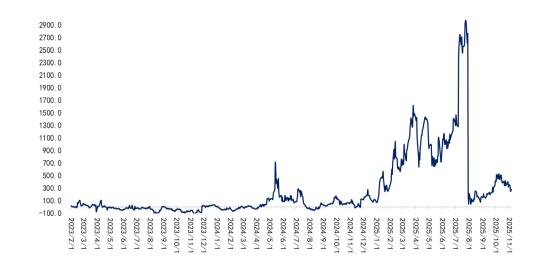
Sources: Wenhua, Minmetals Futures

Copper prices trended upward in October amid volatility, driven by supply disruptions at mines, progress in U.S.-China trade negotiations, and
expectations of Federal Reserve rate cuts, pushing prices toward record highs. The SHFE front-month copper contract rose 4.69% during the month,
while the LME 3M copper contract gained 5.78%. The U.S. dollar index strengthened over the period, while the offshore renminbi appreciated slightly.
 Copper prices retreated from their record highs in early November.

Figure 3: China Refined Copper Import Profit/Loss Ratio

Figure 4: COMEX & LME Copper Prices and Spread (USD/tonne)





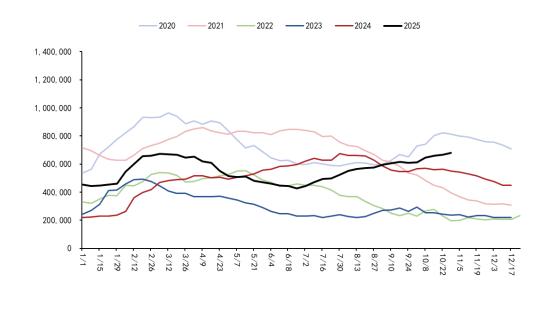
Sources: LME, SHFE, SMM, WIND, Minmetals Futures

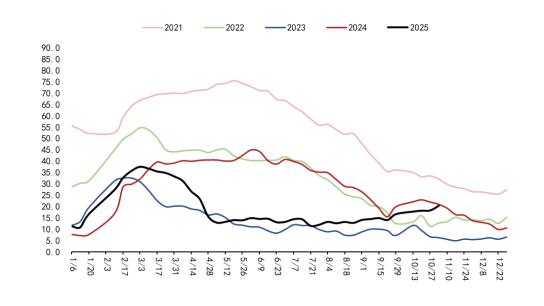
Sources: WIND, Minmetals Futures

• In October, the SHFE copper import loss widened initially before narrowing, with the export arbitrage window briefly opening. By early November, the import loss had narrowed further. The COMEX–LME spread fluctuated lower in October. Although forward-looking tariff expectations continued to support the spread, persistent inventory builds on COMEX gradually closed the import arbitrage window.

Figure 5: Total Refined Copper Inventories: Three Exchanges & Shanghai Bonded Zone (tonne)

Figure 6: China Refined Copper Social Inventory (10k tonnes)





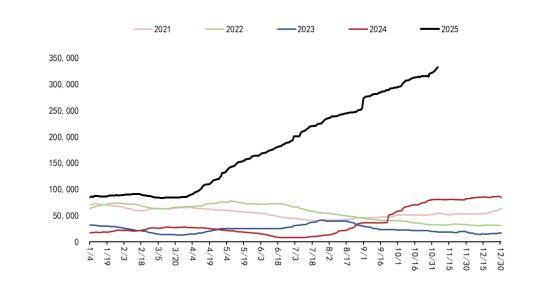
Sources: LME, SHFE, COMEX, MYMETAL, Minmetals Futures

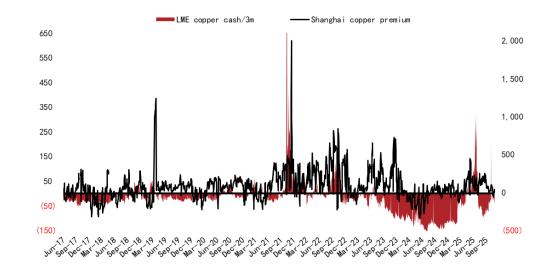
Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

As of end-October, combined inventories across the three major exchanges (SHFE, LME, COMEX) plus Shanghai bonded warehouses totaled approximately 680,000 tonnes, up 67,000 tonnes from end-September, placing total stocks at a relatively high level in recent years. However, structural imbalances persist—COMEX inventories account for a high share of the total, at around 47.5%. Domestic copper inventories in China continued to rise in October, with exchange-held stocks at approximately 116,000 tonnes and off-exchange social inventories at about 76,000 tonnes.
 Bonded warehouse stocks also increased, reaching an absolute level of roughly 107,000 tonnes.

Figure 7: COMEX Copper Inventory (tonne)

Figure 8: Domestic & International Copper Basis (USD/tonne, yuan/tonne)



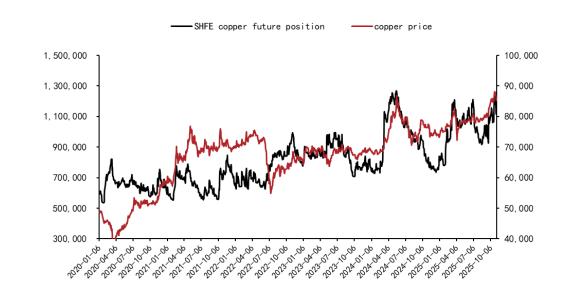


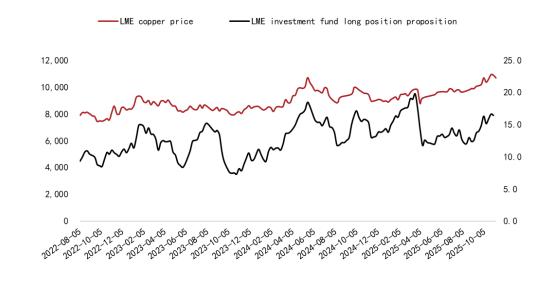
Sources: LME, WIND, Minmetals Futures

• LME copper inventories fell to approximately 135,000 tonnes by end-October, down 8,000 tonnes m/m. COMEX total copper stocks continued to rise, up 29,000 tonnes in October, and extended their increase into early November. Overseas, the LME Cash/3M spread surged then retreated in October. Domestically, the SHFE spot-futures basis first strengthened then weakened; by early November, spot copper traded at a modest premium to futures.

Figure 9: SHFE Open Interest and 1# Copper Price (yuan/tonne)

Figure 10: LME Investment Fund Long Position Share





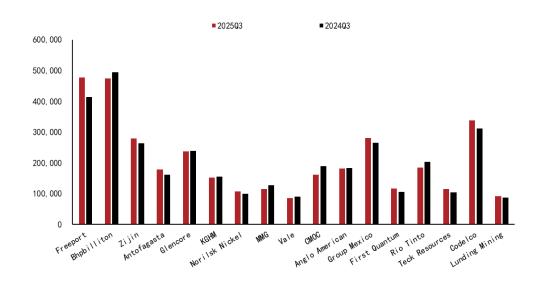
Sources: WIND, Minmetals Futures

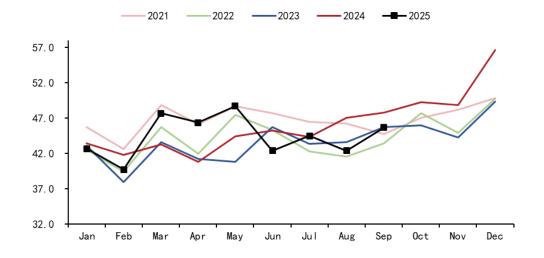
• As of end-October, long positions held by LME investment funds rose as a share of total open interest, reflecting relatively positive sentiment. SHFE copper open interest spiked and then pulled back but remains at a relatively high level, indicating active long-short positioning. In November, market sentiment is expected to be primarily driven by inventory trends and developments in U.S. policy.

Supply and Demand Analysis

Figure 11: Q3 Equity Copper Mine Production of Major Miners (tonne)

Figure 12: Chilean Copper Mine Output (10k tonnes)





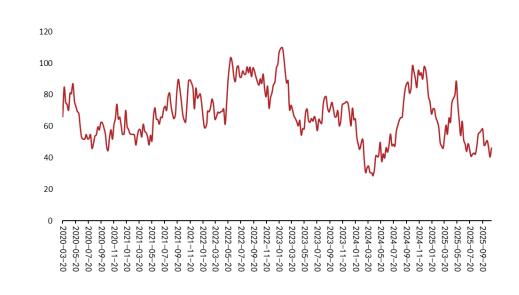
Sources: Company Press Release, Minmetals Futures

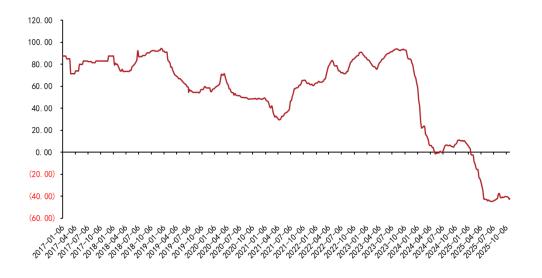
Sources: Cochilco, Minmetals Futures

- Q3 copper mine output from 17 major global miners totaled approximately 3.5 million tonnes, down 2.2% y/y. Production undershot expectations due to operational disruptions and declining ore grades. The y/y decline in mine output is expected to widen further in Q4.
- Chile's copper production in September declined y/y but rebounded slightly m/m, remaining at a relatively low level.

Figure 13: China Major Port Copper Concentrate Inventory (10k tonnes)

Figure 14: Imported Copper Concentrate TC (USD/tonne)





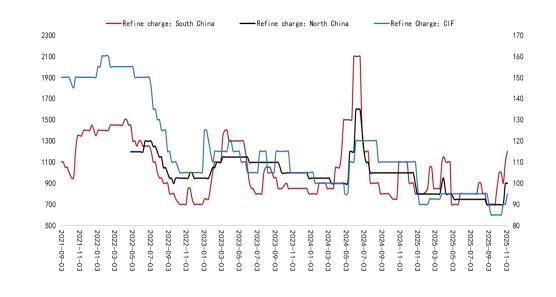
Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

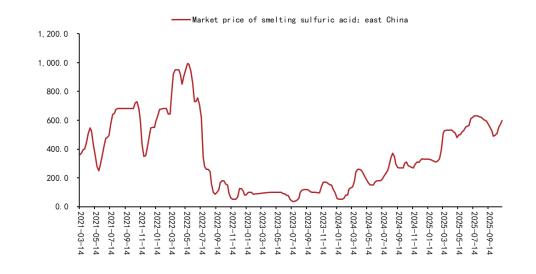
• China's port inventories of copper concentrate declined initially and then rose in October, reflecting a shift from tight to ample spot supply at major ports. As of TCs, spot TCs for copper concentrate trended lower in October.By end-October, spot TCs were quoted at around USD-42/tonne.

November marks the start of annual contract negotiations, with both sides expected to remain deadlocked.

Figure 15: Anode Copper Processing Fee (yuan/tonne, USD/tonne)

Figure 16: China Main Region Smelting Acid Price (yuan/tonne)





Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

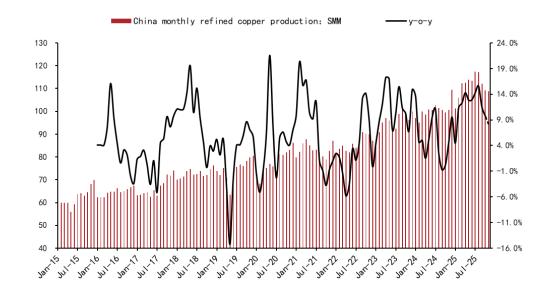
Sources: WIND, Minmetals Futures

• Domestic blister copper treatment charges (TCs) turned upward in October, supported by higher copper prices and marginally looser raw material supply for refined copper production. Sulfuric acid prices—a key smelting by-product—in major domestic regions rebounded amid volatility and remained at relatively elevated levels, providing a positive contribution to smelter revenues.

Figure 17: China Copper Smelter Maintenance Schedule (10k tonnes)

Smelter Capacity Refinry Capacaty Start Time End Time Company Province Company 1 Anhu i 50 70 Mar-25 Mar-25 Hube i 40 55 Mar-25 Mar-25 Company 2 Company 3 Henan 12 15 Mar-25 Apr-25 20 20 Apr-25 Company 4 Shanxi Apr-25 Company 5 Qinghai 15 15 Apr-25 Apr-25 20 20 May-25 Company 6 Shandong May-25 55 Company 7 Shandong 40 May-25 May-25 20 20 May-25 May-25 Company 8 Neimenggu 15 Jul-25 Company 9 Heilongjiang 15 Jul-25 Jun-25 Company 10 Henan 10 12 Jul-25 Company 11 Jilin 10 15 Aug-25 Sep-25 Company 12 40 40 Sep-25 Nov-25 Neimenggu Company 13 Neimenggu 30 25 Sep-25 0ct-25 40 45 0ct-25 Nov-25 Company 14 Shandong Company 15 guangxi 40 40 0ct-25 Nov-25 Company 16 50 46 0ct-25 Nov-25 Anhu i Company 17 Zhejiang 15 15 0ct-25 Nov-25

Figure 18: China Monthly Refined Copper Production (10k tonnes)



Sources: MYSTEEL, SMM, Baiinfo, Minmetals Futures

Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

• Smelter maintenance activity increased in October, leading to a further m/m decline in China's refined copper output. In November, the impact of scheduled maintenance persists but is diminishing; combined with higher copper prices incentivizing greater secondary production of blister copper/anodes from scrap, refined copper output is expected to stabilize.

Figure 19: China Refined Copper vs. 1# Bright Copper Spread (yuan/tonne)

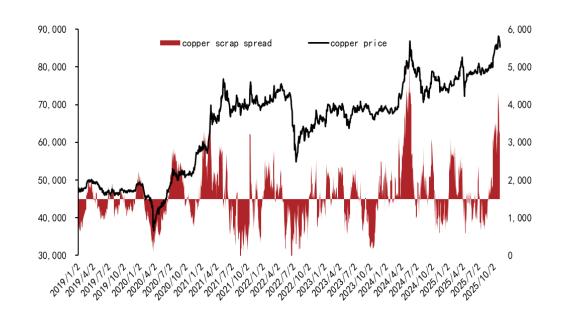
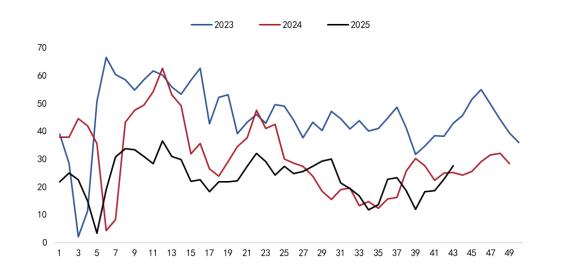


Figure 20: China Secondary Copper Rod Maker Weekly Operating Rate (%)

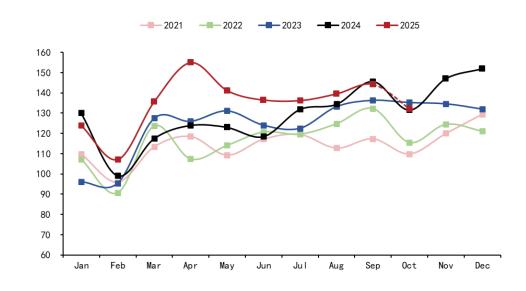


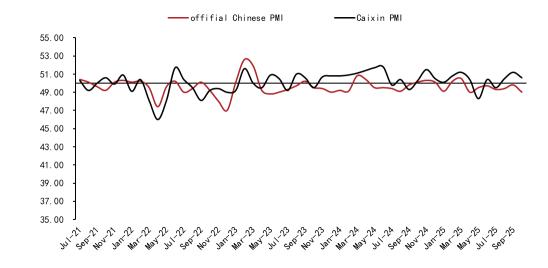
Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

• The average price spread between refined and scrap copper in China was approximately 3,580 yuan/tonne in October, widening m/m. Despite incomplete implementation of local tax rebate policies, scrap maintained strong substitution appeal. Operating rates at secondary copper rod producers rebounded during the month, supported by the widening refined-scrap spread and marginal easing of regional policy constraints, thereby increasing substitution demand for refined copper.

Figure 21: China Monthly Apparent Refined Copper Consumption (10k tonnes)

Figure 22: China Manufacturing PMI





Sources: Customs, SMM, MYMETAL, Minmetals Futures

Sources: WIND, Minmetals Futures

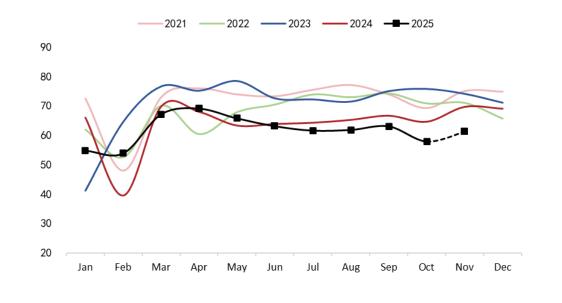
• Assuming lower net imports, China's apparent refined copper consumption in October is estimated at 1.32 million tonnes, up 0.3% y/y. Cumulative apparent consumption for January–October reached 13.67 million tonnes, up 8.8% y/y. Leading economic indicators weakened in October: both the official and Caixin China Manufacturing PMIs declined m/m, signaling a marginal softening in manufacturing sentiment.

Figure 23: China Copper Fabrications Cumulative Output & YoY Growth (10k

tonnes, %)



Figure 24: China Copper Fabrications Sector Average Operating Rate (%)

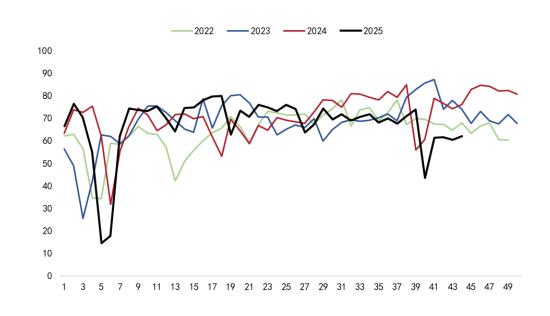


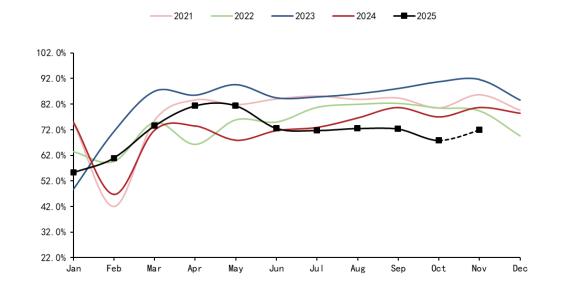
Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

• China's copper product output grew by approximately 9.6% y/y in the first nine months of 2025, though the growth rate slowed m/m. According to SMM data, copper product utilization rates weakened in October but are expected to recover in November.

Figure 25: China Refined Copper Rod Maker Weekly Operating Rate (%)

Figure 26: China Wire & Cable Sector Operating Rate (%)





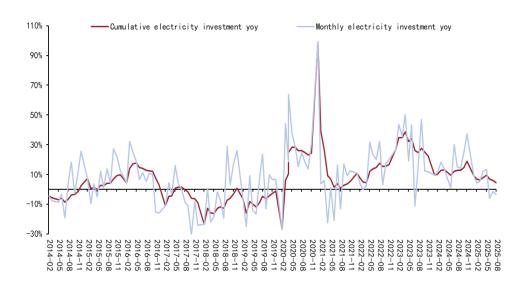
Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

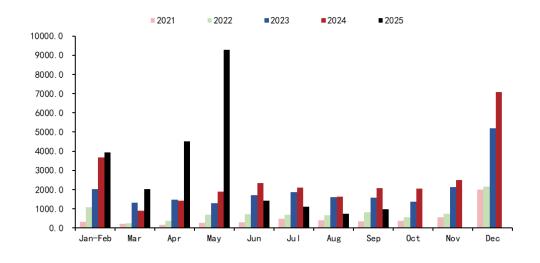
Sources: SMM, Minmetals Futures

• Operating rates at China's primary copper rod mills remained weak in October, averaging below year-ago levels and still short of pre-National Day holiday levels. Wire and cable manufacturers also underperformed expectations during the month, though operating rates are expected to rebound in November.

Figure 27: China Power Generation + Grid Investment y/y Growth (%)

Figure 28: Photovoltaic New Installed Capacity (10k kW)





Sources: NEA, Minmetals Futures

• On the downstream front, power sector investment (including power generation and grid infrastructure) in September continued to decline y/y, with the contraction slightly widening. New photovoltaic (PV) installations posted a y/y decline but rose m/m, while new wind power installations fell m/m. Demand is expected to see marginal improvement toward year-end as project deadlines approach.

Figure 29: Weekly Sales Area of Commercial Housing in 30 Major Cities (10k m²)

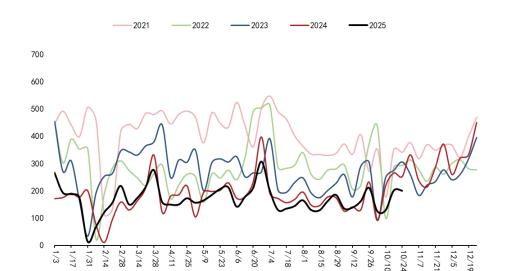
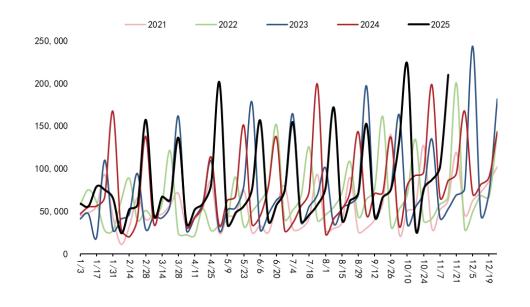


Figure 30: Daily Passenger Vehicle Sales: Manufacturer Wholesale (Units)



Sources: WIND, Minmetals Futures

• High-frequency data show that China's property transaction volumes in October remained below year-ago levels. Appliance production—linked to the post-construction segment of real estate—stayed subdued. In contrast, high-frequency auto sales data for October showed relative strength.

Figure 31: Manufacturing PMI in Major Overseas Economies

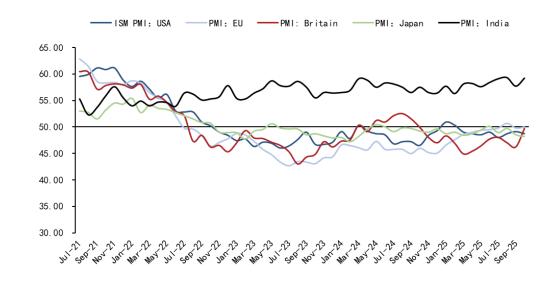
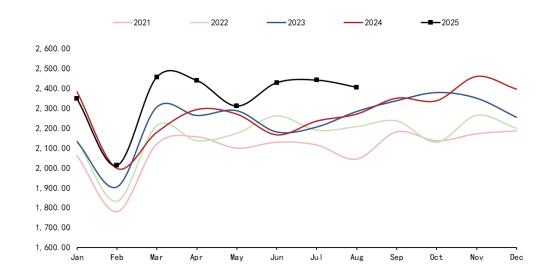


Figure 32: Global Refined Copper Consumption Seasonality (1k tonnes)

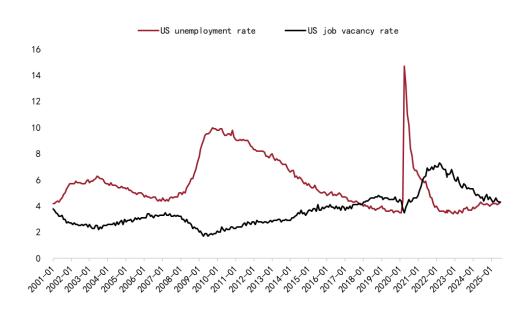


Sources: WIND, ICSG, Minmetals Futures

• Manufacturing sentiment in major advanced economies diverged in October: India, the eurozone, and the UK saw improvements, while the U.S. and Japan experienced further weakening. According to ICSG data, global refined copper consumption in August 2025 declined m/m but remained up y/y; cumulative consumption for January–August grew by approximately 5.9% y/y.

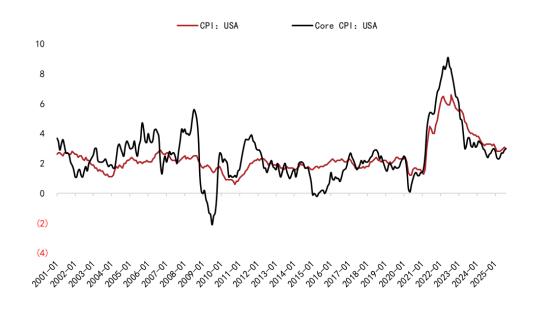
Macro Analysis

Figure 35: U.S. Unemployment Rate & Job Openings Rate (%)



Sources: WIND, Minmetals Futures

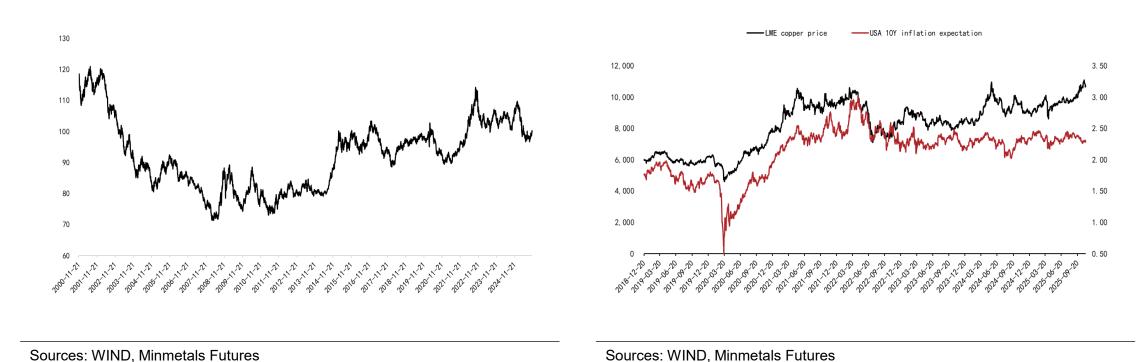
Figure 36: U.S. Core CPI y/y & CPI y/y (%)



• The U.S. government shutdown delayed the release of nonfarm payroll data. Recently published ADP employment figures and corporate layoff numbers suggest a weakening labor market. Inflation ticked up in September, though core inflation declined. Due to limited data availability, the implied probability of a Fed rate cut in December has decreased slightly—but remains near 70%. Meanwhile, the Fed is set to end quantitative tightening on December 1, keeping its policy stance on a marginally dovish trajectory.

Figure 37: U.S. Dollar Index

Figure 38: LME Copper Price & U.S. 10-Year Breakeven Inflation Expectations (USD/tonne, %)



• The U.S. dollar index rebounded in October and continues to trade within its recent range. U.S. 10-year breakeven inflation expectations remain subdued, diverging from the upward movement in copper prices.



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